Employer Perspectives on Nursing Workforce Needs in Two States: The Health Workforce Sentinel Network

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Objectives

1. The learner will be able to name reasons that employers in two states cite for difficulties in hiring and/or retaining nurses in multiple healthcare settings.

2. The learner will be able to describe the unique approach to obtaining workforce demand information employed by the Sentinel Network.

Background

Data to adequately assess health workforce demand is hard to find and use.

- Typical labor statistics: suffer from time delays, lack information about skills needed or reasons for vacancies.
- The health workforce is changing rapidly.
- Good workforce demand information needs to be connected with those who can respond appropriately.

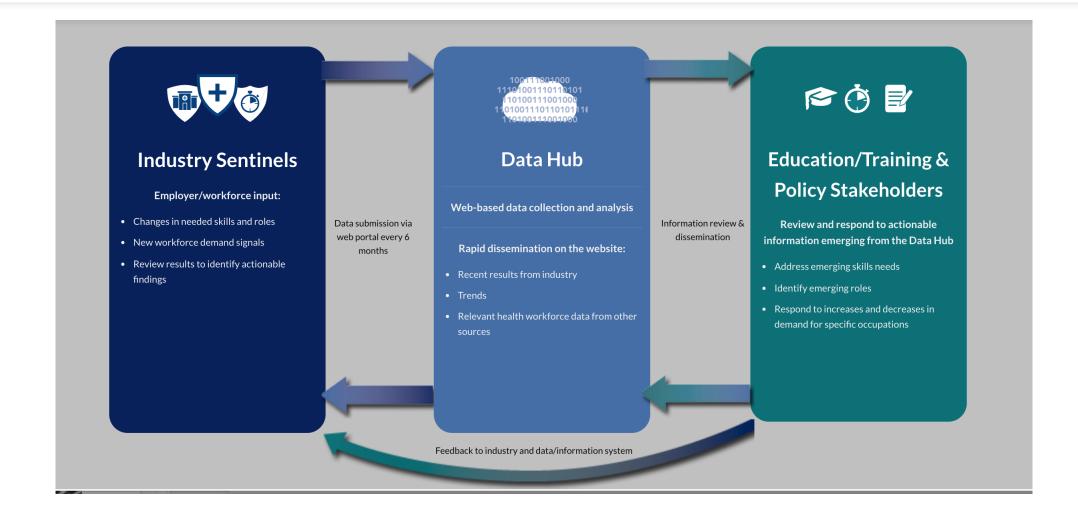
The Health Workforce Sentinel Network

Supports efficient and effective health workforce preparation and deployment:

• Identifies emerging signals of changes in health workforce demand

 Rapidly disseminates information to education, training and policy partners who can respond to findings

The Health Workforce Sentinel Network



Questionnaire Content

- Contact information
- Facility Type(s)
 - Occupations experiencing demand changes
 - Geographic region(s) served
 - Population served: rural/urban/mixed
 - Demand change questions



Facility Types and Occupations - A Wide Net

Facility Types

C5: Which of the following best describes the facility/ies for which you provided data to the Sentinel Network? (check all that apply)

| Hospital | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Acute care hospital (more than 25 beds) | | | | | |
| Acute care hospital (25 beds or fewer) | | | | | |
| ☐ Psychiatric hospital | | | | | |
| Psychiatric unit at a community hospital | | | | | |
| ☐ Freestanding Evaluation & Treatment facility | | | | | |
| Secure withdrawal management facility | | | | | |
| ☐ Specialty (except psychiatric/substance abuse) hospital | | | | | |
| Residential Treatment Facility | | | | | |
| ☐ Substance use disorder residential treatment facility | | | | | |
| ☐ Psychiatric residential treatment facility | | | | | |
| Other RTF (specify) | | | | | |
| Offices & Clinics | | | | | |
| Federally qualified health center (FQHC) or community clinic providing care free or on sliding fee scale | | | | | |
| ☐ Primary care medical clinic (not FQHC or community clinic) | | | | | |
| Specialty medical clinic (type) | | | | | |
| ☐ Behavioral-mental health clinic/outpatient mental health and substance abuse clinic | | | | | |
| ☐ Dentist office/dental clinic | | | | | |
| ☐ Chiropractor's office | | | | | |
| Optometrist's office | | | | | |

...and more

Occupations

| ☐ No workforce demand changes for any occupations at this facility type | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Counselors and Social Workers | Lisable and Disputation of Transition Describition on (ask describing | | | |
| ☐ Chemical Dependency Professional/Substance Abuse and Behavioral Disorder Counselor | Healthcare Diagnosing or Treating Practitioners (not physicians or nurses) | | | |
| ☐ Marriage and Family Therapist | Audiologist | | | |
| ☐ Mental Health Counselor | Chiropractor | | | |
| ☐ Peer Counselor | Dentist | | | |
| ☐ Child, Family and School Social Worker | Dietitian or Nutritionist | | | |
| ☐ Healthcare Social Worker | Optometrist | | | |
| ☐ Mental Health and Substance Abuse Social Worker | Pharmacist | | | |
| ☐ Community Health Worker | Physician Assistant | | | |
| Nurses/Nursina | Podiatrist | | | |
| Registered Nurse (RN) (if one or more RN specialty, specify) | Occupational Therapist | | | |
| Nurse Anesthetist | Physical Therapist | | | |
| Nurse Midwife | Radiation Therapist | | | |
| <u> </u> | Recreational Therapist | | | |
| Unurse Practitioner (NP) | Respiratory Therapist | | | |
| _ | Speech-Language Pathologist | | | |
| Nursing Assistant-Certified | Exercise Physiologist | | | |
| Physicians/Surgeons | Acupuncturist | | | |
| ☐ Anesthesiologist | ☐ Dental Hygienist | | | |
| Cardiologist | Health Technologists and Technicians | | | |
| Dermatologist | ☐ Athletic Trainer | | | |
| ☐ Emergency Medicine Physician | ☐ Cardiovascular Technologist or Technician | | | |
| Family Medicine Physician | □ Diagnostic Medical Sonographer | | | |
| General Internal Medicine Physician | ☐ Dietetic Technician | | | |
| ☐ Neurologist | ☐ Emergency Medical Technician | | | |
| Obstetricians and Gynecologist | ☐ Genetic Counselor | | | |
| Pediatrician, General | Health Information Technologists and Medical Registrar | | | |
| Pathologist | ☐ Hearing Aid Specialist | | | |
| Psychiatrist, not Child | ☐ Magnetic Resonance Imaging Technologist | | | |
| Psychiatrist, Child | ☐ Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technician | | | |
| Radiologist | ☐ Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologist | | | |
| ☐ Ophthalmologist | | | | |
| ☐ Surgeon, General | | | | |
| Surgeon, Specialty | ☐ Nuclear Medicine Technologist | | | |
| Physicians/Surgeons, Other (specify) | Ophthalmic Medical Technician | | | |
| Psychologists | Optician, Dispensing | | | |
| Psychologist, Clinical and Counseling | ☐ Orthotist and Prosthetist | | | |
| ☐ Psychologist, School | ☐ Paramedic | | | |
| | ■ Pharmacy Technician | | | |

...and more

Health Workforce Sentinel Network Questions

Focus on qualitative input about which, how, and why

- Exceptionally long vacancies
- Exceptional turnover
- Demand changes
- New occupations
- New roles
- Changes in orientation/onboarding procedures
- Changes in training priorities
- Service: urban, rural or a mix
- Response to COVID-19 crisis New!



Connecticut Experience

Education

2015 Nursing Education Data PRE-LICENSURE **RN PROGRAMS IN CT** 1727 PRE-LICENSURE NURSING GRADUATES tought by 330 FULL-TIME & PART-TIME FACULTY STUDENTS & STATE POPULATION

Supply

Educating Connecticut Nurses - Pipeline to Practice 2017

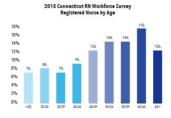
Non-month MINLA
This report is produced by the Connection Nursing Collaborative-Action Coalition (CIC-AC) in partnership with The Connection
Department of Labor Citics of Research, the Connection Department of Palic Health. The Connection Center for Nursing Workford
- Angings of the Connection League for Nursing, Winvestyl of Connection School of Nursing and Compines Livenship School of
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**Connection School School

Data were sourced from 2015 National Nursing Worldorce Survey (CT data); the 2016 National Minimum Data Set for Nursing Education (CT data) recommended by the National Forum of State Nursing Vioriforce Existers and the National Council of State Baseds of Nursing Budden, J.S., Noulton, P., Harper, K.J., Survell, M.L. &comp. Smiley, R. (2016). The 2015 National Nursing Worldorce Survey. Journal of Nursing Regulation, (TI), S1-9331, and The American Association of Colleges of Hursting, Research and Class Services, 2017.

Nurse Practitioners (NPs) Prepared for Primary Care of CT Residents

| # of 2016 Graduates | |
|------------------------|--|
| 128 | |
| 46 | |
| 22 | |
| 21 | |
| 28 | |
| | |



Educating Connecticut Nurses Pipeline to Practice

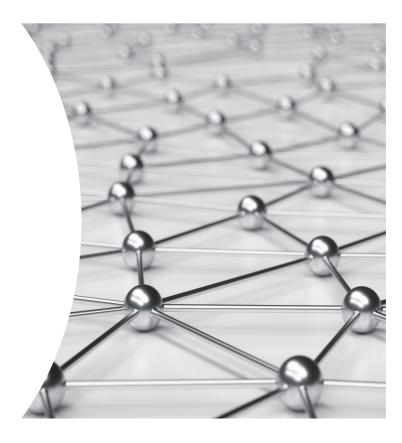
3,120 total CT nursing graduates across all educational levels in 2016

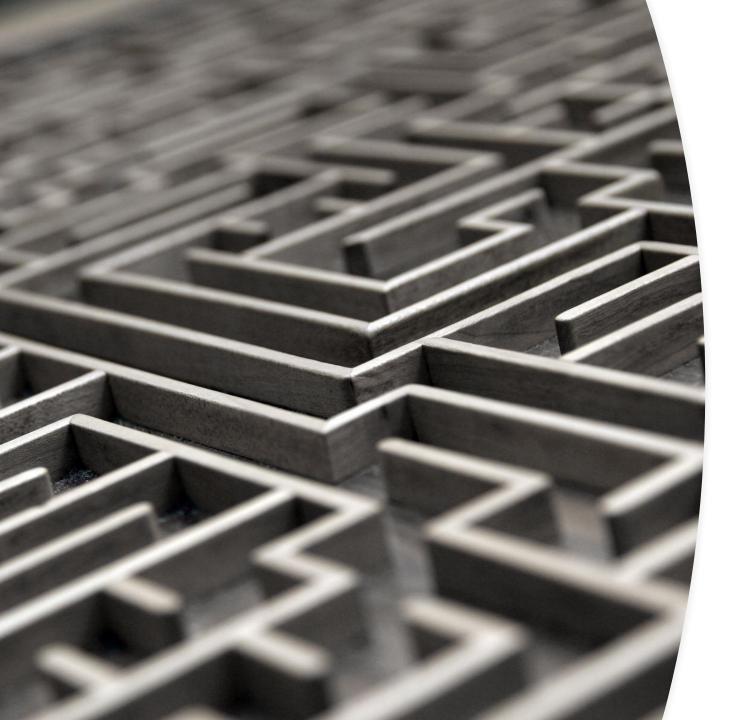
graduates with 1st nursing degree 1784 RNs and 419 LPNs

post-licensure & advanced graduate degree including degrees leading to APRN roles 317 RN to BSN



Demand





Connecticut Experience

- Workforce demand data sources
- Relationships; data silos
- Persuasion of priorities
- Portals to access real time CT healthcare workforce data
- Connect with Nursing education/supply data sets
- Inform state resource allocation decisions



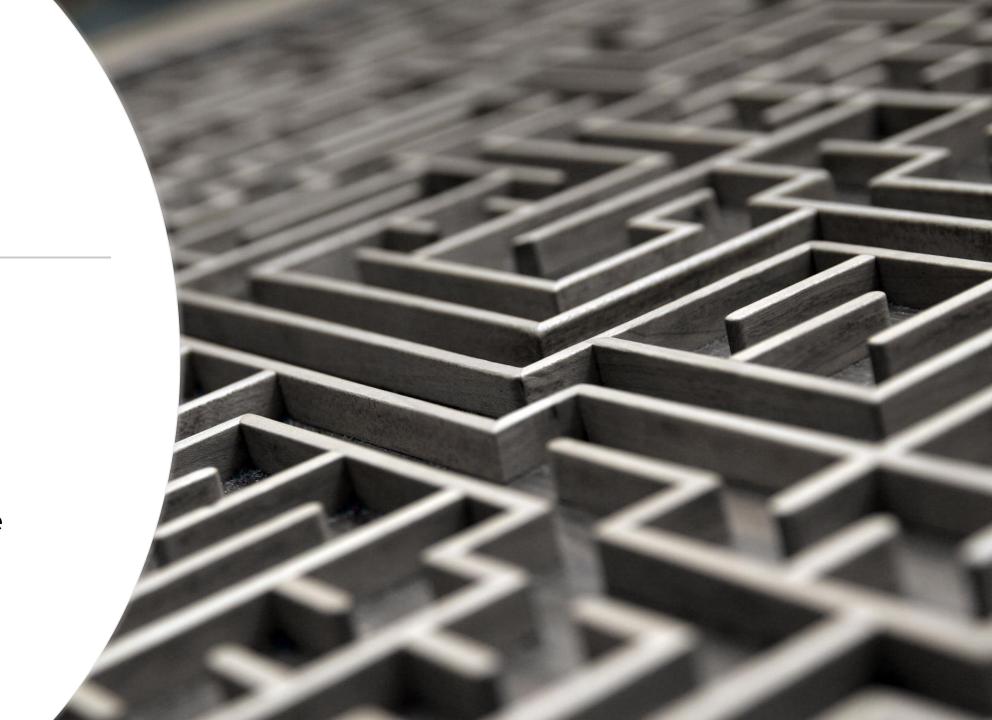
CT Data Moving Forward

- Data warehouse funding
- Education funding
- Ongoing employer demand data capture
- Intervals for data capture (data trifecta)
- Strategic planning for data
- Actionable data



Washington Experience

- Encouraging participation
- Funding
- Findings
- Uses and value



Connections are Important

Steering Committee Members:

- State Department of Health
- Workforce Training and Education Coordinating Board
- State Healthcare Authority
- Washington Center for Nursing
- Accountable Communities of Health
- College Deans and Directors Group
- Allied Health Center of Excellence
- State Nursing Association
- State Hospital Association



Recruitment Strategies



- "Trusted partners" distribute announcements to members via:
 - Email
 - Newsletters
 - Regular meetings
- Direct emails to past participants
- Distribute findings as widely as possible
 - Drive people to website
 - Create 1-2 page summaries
 - Attend meetings when possible

Funding

Washington State Healthcare Authority (2016 - 2017)

• Largely from federal <u>healthcare</u> transformation initiatives

Governor's Office (2018 - 2019)

• Federal <u>labor</u> funding - WIOA discretionary funds

Washington State Legislature (2019 - present)

Direct budget line in state budget

Web Portal Demonstration

http://wa.sentinelnetwork.org

http://ct.sentinelnetwork.org

The Health Workforce Sentinel Network

"Sentinel Network data is used by teachers and administrators to see real-time healthcare employment shortages, build the health workforce pipeline, and help students plan for careers."

-Marianna Goheen, Health Science Program Supervisor, Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction

"The ability to pair recruitment and retention challenges our employers are facing with verified data from the Sentinel Network adds credibility to our discussions around solutions with legislators."

-Lauri St. Ours, Executive Vice President for Governmental Relations, Washington Health Care Association

Deeper Understanding in the Details



Examples from skilled nursing facilities:

- There is a huge demand for registered nurses throughout our area from hospitals to clinics. Nursing homes are required to staff 24 hour RN coverage. [RN]
- I am unable to pay a competitive wage because of the % of Medicaid clients I have and the Medicaid reimbursement rate.
 [RN]
- Not enough applicants who want to work in skilled nursing facilities. They can make more in the hospital. [CNA]
- All of the local training programs have closed [LPN]
- Difficult to recruit to our rural setting [RN]

Pivot to COVID-19

 To combat the outbreak we can no longer allow our on call staff, that work at other facilities, work in our facility. This will cause a staff shortage most certainly. We are no longer allowing agency to work in our facility.

• Using agency NAC which makes it harder to follow all the policies and training.

 We have had a number of employees (of all ages and all departments) that are unable to work due to physician recommendation because they are considered high risk.

 Cross training of staff helped, Nursing leadership on the floor often to help, other departments in the kitchen. It was all hands on deck.

Examples of Uses of Sentinel Network

- Informed the Washington State Behavioral Health Workforce Assessmen
- Combined data from:
 - Professional licenses
 - IPEDs (education output)

 - Primary research Extensive stakeholder interviews
- Report's policy recommendations the basis for numerous proposals to the 2019 Legislature and the Governor

Washington State Behavioral Health Workforce Assessment

December 2017





Examples of Uses of Sentinel Network Findings

Health Workforce Council











2019 Annual Report



December 2019

Liz Coleman, Health Workforce Policy Analyst

Workforce Training and Education Coordinating Board 128 10th Avenue SW | PO Box 43105, Olympia, WA 98504 360-709-4600 | www.wtb.wa.gov

Small Hospitals

| Top occupations cited as having exceptionally long vacancies by date of reporting | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|---|---------------------|------------|--|--|
| Summer 2016 | Winter 2016 | Spring 2017 | Fall 2017 | Summer 2018 | Spring 2019 | Fall 2019 | | | |
| Registered nurse | Registered Registered nurse nurse | Pagistered | Registered nurse | Registered nurse | Registered nurse | Physician/ | | | |
| | | | Physical therapist | | | Surgeon | | | |
| | | Med/Clin lab | Nursing assistant | | | Registered nurse | | | |
| Med/Clin lab technologist | | Physical | Physician/ Surgeon | Physician/ Surgeon | Nursing assistant | | | | |
| | Physician/ Surgeon | Physical therapist | therapy assistant | | | Social worker | 1 | | |
| Medical assistant | | | | Med/Clin lab technologist | Physical therapist | | Most | | |
| Nursing assistant | Multiple | Multiple | Multiple Multiple | Nursing assistant | | Multiple | Most cited | | |
| 1 | occupations cited at same frequency frequency | occupations cited at same frequency | Multiple occupations cited at same frequency | Marriage & Family Therapist | occupations cited at same frequency | | | | |
| | | | | Multiple occupations cited at same frequency | | | | | |

A sampling of reasons for vacancies, as reported by small hospital Sentinels:

Limited available supply

- There are no practicing psychiatrists in our county. We are set up for telepsychiatry and have provided that service weekly since 2013 by contract. We are currently awaiting that service to begin again January 2020.
- [We need psychologists because] we are planning to develop an outpatient behavioral health service line in the hospital to serve Medicare and commercial insurance as the community has too few contracted providers with Medicare and commercial plans.

Reimbursement rates

· Access for Medicaid is limited to one single [dentist] who will see a quota of Medicaid children.

Rural access

 Hospital is now creating outpatient PT/OT/SLT services after a local provider went out of business.



Examples of Uses of Sentinel Network Findings

- Accountable Communities of Health (state planning regions)
- State Community College Health Programs Deans and Directors
- HR Directors groups
- (Future work) Washington's House Higher Education Committee expressed strong interest in funding Sentinel Network for other industry sectors

The Value of the Health Workforce Sentinel Network

- Rapid turnaround: provides real time data for understanding nursing & healthcare workforce
- Identifies skills needed and local conditions
- Answers "how and why"
- Helps to identify solutions
- Engages the full network of stakeholders
- Nimble enough to address developing needs, inform policy decisions & resource allocation
- Allows for investigation of changing conditions (ie. COVID-19)
- Augments quantitative data about workforce demand
- Relationships are key

Questions





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